





## Planning and Quality Assurance Affairs

#### Form (A)

## **Course Specifications**

## **General Information**

Course name	Pharmacology (3)				
Course number	PHPT5315				
Faculty					
Department					
Course type	Major Needs				
Course level	5				
Credit hours (theoretical)	3				
Credit hours (practical)	0				
Course Prerequisites					

## **Course Objectives**

- 1 The objectives of this course are intended to:
- 2 1. Provide the basic knowledge about commonly used drugs to treat disorders of the CNS and the endocrine system, and their implication in therapy of these disorders and health promotion.
- 3 2. Enable the students to understand the safe use of drugs as regards adverse effects, contraindications, and drug interactions.

# Intended Learning Outcomes

Knowledge and Understanding	1.Describe the pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and
	pharmacotherapeutic properties of different classes of drugs affecting the CNS and the endocrine system.
	<ul> <li>2.Describe the adverse and toxic effects, and their management of commonly used drugs to treat disorders of the CNS and the endocrine system.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>3.Define the limitations to the use of drugs such as contraindications and drug interactions.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4.Explain clinically relevant age, sex and genetic related variations that affect response to drugs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>5. Describe the pathophysiology of disorders affecting the CNS and the endocrine system, and explain the rational basis for the use of drugs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6.Recognize the rational and general guidelines of the use of drugs in the proper dose in special population such as pediatrics, geriatrics, pregnancy and lactation and in cases of liver and renal impairment.</li> </ul>
ntellectual Skills	<ul> <li>1.Analyze the mode and mechanism of action of drugs affecting the CNS and the endocrine system on various biological tissues and systems.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2. Calculate accurately drugs dosage, and other pharmacokinetic parameters in different patient population.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>3. Combine clinical and investigational data with evidence based knowledge for clinical problem solving.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4.Describe a pharmacological plan for management of common diseases and emergencies affecting the CNS and the endocrine system.</li> </ul>
Professional Skills	<ul> <li>1.Work out proper drugs and drugs dosage on patients criteria and health condition.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2. Describe appropriate and safe prescriptions for selected common and important diseases affecting the CNS and the endocrine system.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>3. Design a rational therapeutic strategies for acute and chronic diseases that take into account the various variables that influence these strategies.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4.Respect the patient right to know and share in decision making as regards the choice of drugs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>5.Understand and respect the different cultural beliefs and values that affect the use of certain drug groups.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6. Respect ethics related to drug prescription and use particularly to drugs liable to produce abuse.</li> </ul>
General Skill	1. Find, understand, analyze, evaluate, and synthesize information about the different drugs or classes of drugs used in the treatment of diseases affecting the CNS and endocrine system.
	* 2. Make informed, rational, and responsible treatment decisions about different drugs affecting the CNS and the endocrine system related to the diseases affecting both systems.
	* 3. Communicate and discuss effectively with other members of the profession, doctors, patients, general populations, etc., about diseases of the CNS and the endocrine system, as well as of drugs or classes of drugs used in the treatment of these diseases.

#### **Course Contents**

- 1 A. Drugs affecting the central nervous system:
- 1.Neurodegenerative degenerative diseases: Neurotransmission in the CNS, Drugs used in Parkinson disease, Drugs used in Alzheimer disease
- 3 2.Anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs: Benzodiazepines, barbiturates, and other sedative-hypnotic drugs.
- 4 3. CNS stimulants: Psychomotor stimulants (methylxanthines
- 5 4. Anesthetics: Overview of general anesthetics, local anesthetics
- 6 5. Antidepressants: Drugs used in the treatment of major depression, including Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors, Serotonin/Norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors, tricyclic antidepressants, Monoamine oxidase inhibitors, treatment of mania and bipolar disease.
- 6. Antipsychotic drugs, second-generation antipsychotic drugs: Drugs used in the treatment of schizophrenia, including first-generation antipsychotic drugs.
- 8 7. Opioids: Strong agonists, moderate/low agonists, mixed agonists-antagonists and partial agonists, antagonists.
- 9 B. Drugs affecting the endocrine system: Pituitary and thyroid, estrogens and androgens, and adrenal hormones.

### Teaching and Learning Methods

- 1 1.Lectures, using Power point presentation software, when needed.
- 2 2.Class discussion and review of the important features of each topic through short informal writing assignments.
- 3 3.Case presentation of clinical experience.
- 4 3.Class discussion regarding recent information about diseases affecting the CNS and the endocrine system, as well as drugs used in the treatment of these diseases, in the news and web pages.
- 5 6.Submitting and discussing a report about a disease or a drug of interest that affecting the CNS and the endocrine system from an appropriate journal or text (alone or in group).

#### **Students Assessment**

Assessment Method	<u>TIME</u>	<u>MARKS</u>
1-First mid-term exam	6th-7th week	40
2-Second mid-term exam	Not applied	
3-Attendance and discussion	during the term	5
4-homework and project report	during the term and end of the term	5
6-Final exam	end of the term	50

#### **Books and References**

Course note	Lecture notes in Pharmacology 3 prepared by the lecturer.
Essential books	Richard A. Harvey. (2012) Lippicotts Illustrated Reviews. Pharmacology, 5th edition, Wolters Kluwer Business, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
Recommended books	Harold Kallant, Denis Grant, Jane Mitchell. (2007). Principles of Medical Pharmacology, 7th edition, Elsevier Canada.
	Bertram G. Katzung. (2007). Basic and clinical Pharmacology, 10th edition, McGraw-Hill.
Other References	Selected articles from official Pharmacology journals, when available. Official websites of
(Periodical, web sites, etc.)	WHO, FDA, www.drugs.com., www.bnf.com., etc.

# Knowledge and Skills Matrix

Main Course Contents	Study Week	Knowledge and Understanding	Intellectual Skills	Professional Skills	General Skill
A. Drugs affecting the central nervous system:					
1.Neurodegenerative degenerative diseases: Neurotransmission in the CNS, Drugs used in Parkinson disease, Drugs used in Alzheimer disease.					
2.Anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs: Benzodiazepines, barbiturates, and other sedative-hypnotic drugs.					
CNS stimulants: Psychomotor stimulants (methylxanthines					
Anesthetics: Overview of general anesthetics, local anesthetics					
5. Antidepressants: SSRIs, S/N reuptake inhibitors, TCAs, MAOIs, treatment of mania and bipolar disease					
6. Antipsychotic drugs, second-generation antipsychotic drugs: Drugs used in the treatment of schizophrenia, including first-generation antipsychotic drugs					
7. Opioids: Strong agonists, moderate/low agonists, mixed agonists-antagonists and partial agonists, antagonists.					
B. Drugs affecting the endocrine system: Pituitary and thyroid, estrogens and androgens, and adrenal hormones.					
	(1st -2nd week).				
	(3rd-4th weeks)				
	(6th week) (7th- week)				
	(8th -9th week).				
	(10th -11th week).				
	(11th week).				

(12th-14th week).			
week).	1.Describe the pharmacokinetic s, pharmacodynam ics, and pharmacotherap eutic properties of different classes of drugs affecting the CNS and the endocrine system.		
	2.Describe the adverse and toxic effects, and their management of commonly used drugs to treat disorders of the CNS and the endocrine system.		
	3.Define the limitations to the use of drugs such as contraindications and drug interactions.		
	4.Explain clinically relevant age, sex and genetic related variations that affect response to drugs.		
	5. Describe the pathophysiology of disorders affecting the CNS and the endocrine system, and explain the rational basis for the use of drugs.		

	6.Recognize the rational and general guidelines of the use of drugs in the proper dose in special population and in cases of liver and renal impairment.	1.Analyze the mode and mechanism of action of drugs affecting the CNS		
		and the endocrine system on various biological tissues and systems.		
		2. Calculate accurately drugs dosage, and other pharmacokinetic parameters in different patient population.		
		3. Combine clinical and investigational data with evidence based knowledge for clinical problem solving.		
		4.Describe a pharmacological plan for management of common diseases and emergencies affecting the CNS and the endocrine system.		
			1.Work out proper drugs and drugs dosage on patients criteria and health condition.	

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		2. Describe	
		appropriate and	
		safe prescriptions	
		for selected	
		common and	
		important	
		diseases affecting	
		the CNS and the	
		endocrine system.	
		3. Design a	
		rational	
		therapeutic	
		strategies for	
		acute and chronic	
		diseases that take	
		into account the	
		various variables	
		that influence	
		 these strategies.	
		4.Respect the	
		patient right to	
		know and share in	
		decision making	
		as regards the	
		choice of drugs.	
		5.Understand and	
		respect the	
		different cultural	
		beliefs and values	
		that affect the use	
		of certain drug	
		groups.	
		6. Respect ethics	
		related to drug	
		prescription and	
		use particularly to	
		drugs liable to	
		produce abuse.	
			1. Find,
			understand,
			analyze,
			evaluate,
			and
			synthesize
			information
			about the
			different
			drugs or
			classes of
			drugs used
			in the
			treatment of
			diseases
			affecting the
			CNS and
			endocrine
ı	1		l .
			system.

		2. Make
		informed,
		rational,
		and
		responsible
		treatment
		decisions
		about
		different
		drugs
		affecting the
		CNS and
		the
		endocrine
		system
		related to
		the
		diseases
		affecting
		both
		systems.
		3.
		Communica
		te and
		discuss
		effectively
		with other
		members of
		the
		profession,
		doctors,
		patients,
		about
		drugs
		affecting the
		CNS and
		the
		endocrine
		system